



VILNIUS GEDIMINAS
TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

The significance of forefront road identification for vehicle dynamics and safety

Išankstinio kelio identifikavimo reikšmė automobilio dinamikai ir saugumui

Dr. Vidas Žuraulis

Faculty of Transport Engineering

2018, Vilnius



Merlin machine



Walking profilometers



STATIC

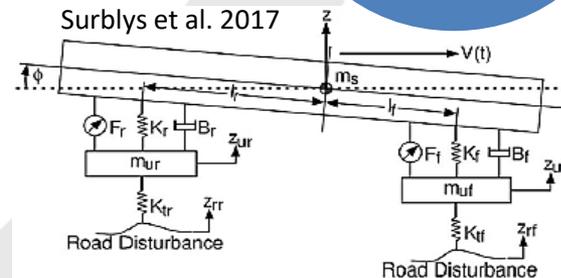


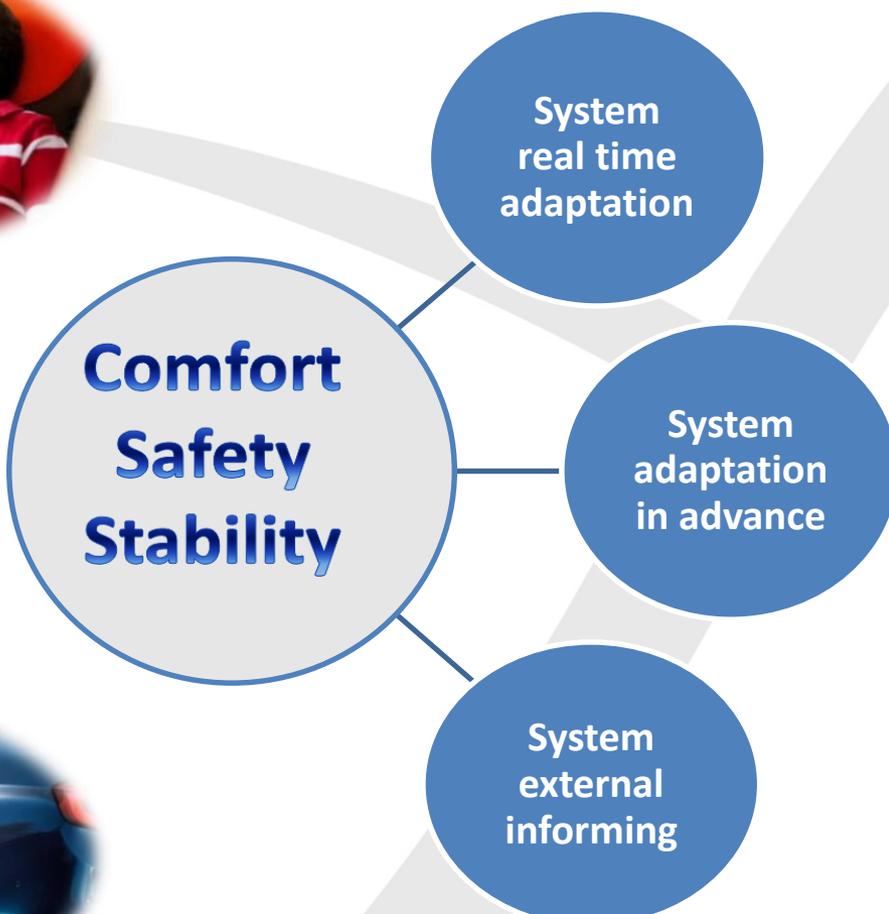
Barbosa 2012

DYNAMIC



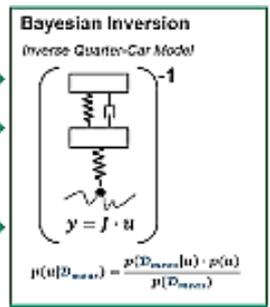
RST 28



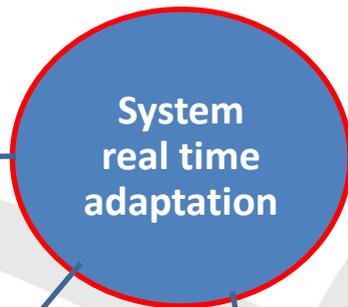




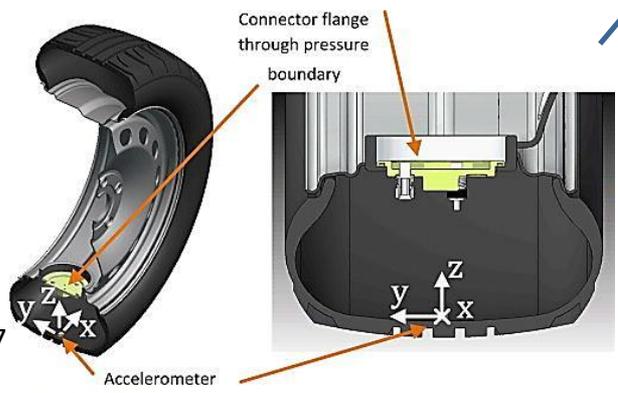
Du et al. 2016



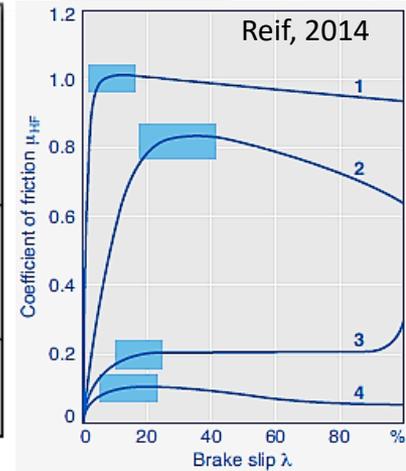
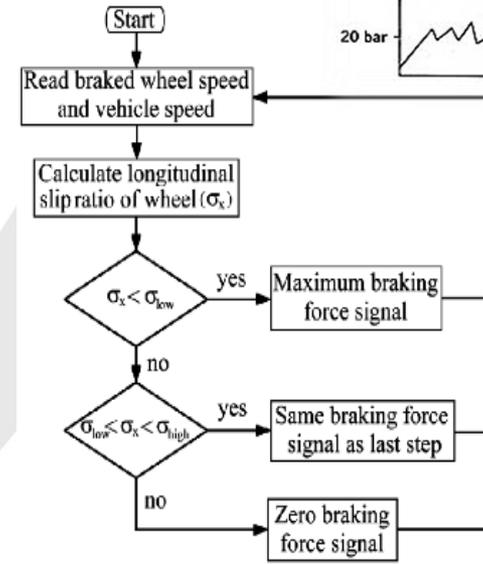
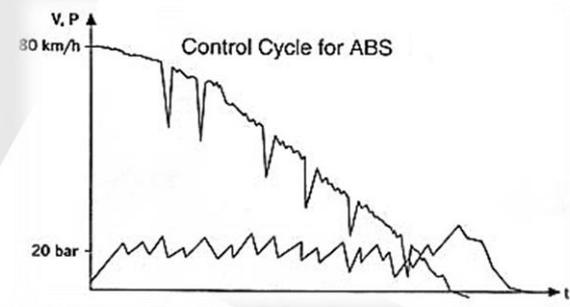
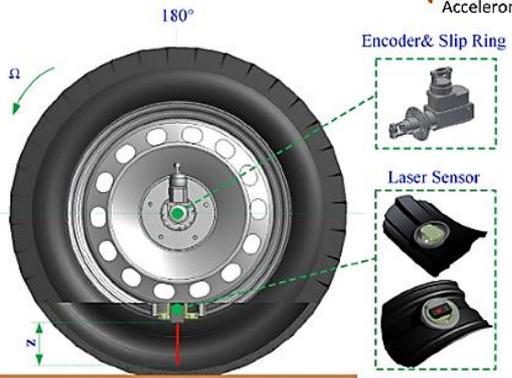
Burger et al. 2018

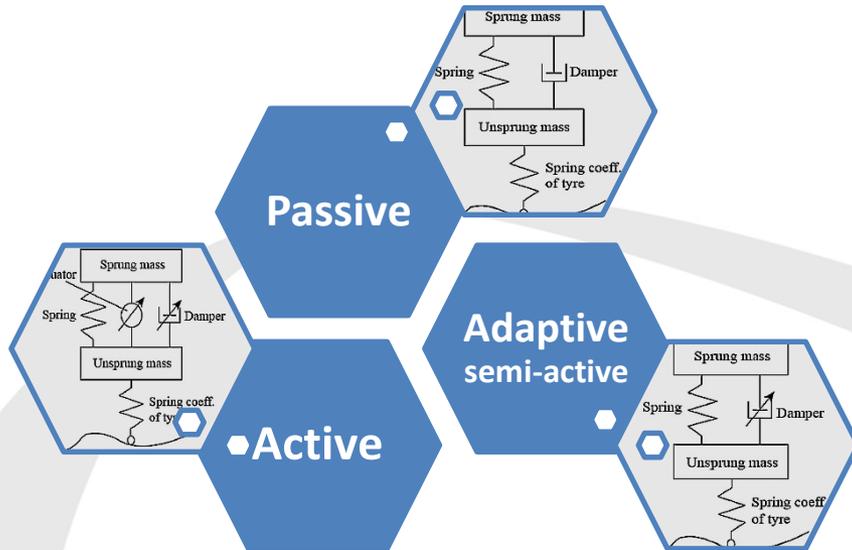


- Acceleration
- Displacement
- Initial iterations



Tuononen et al. 2017



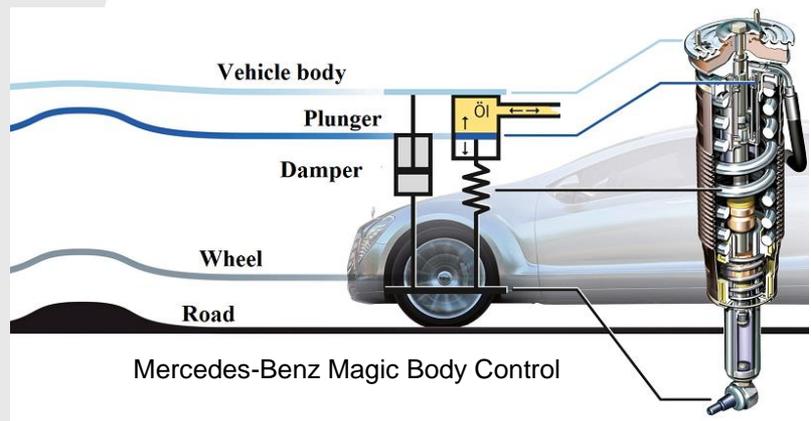


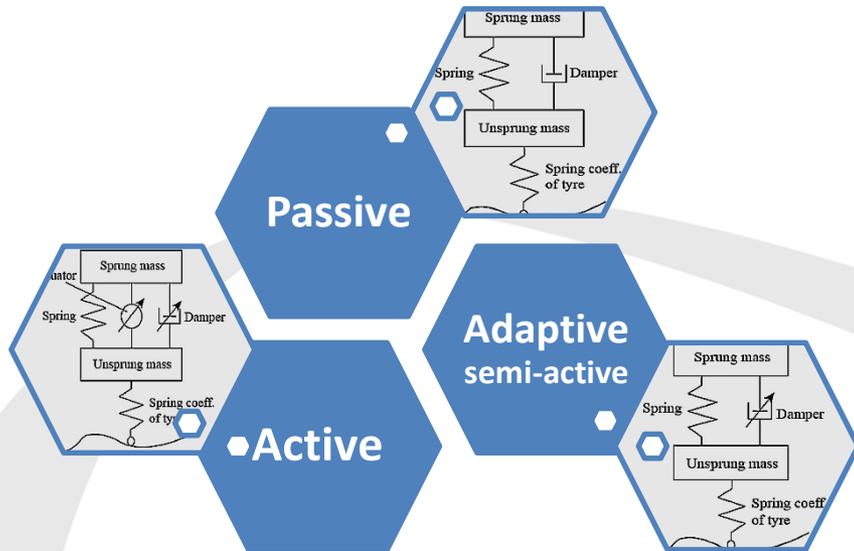
System real time adaptation

- Acceleration
- Displacement
- Initial iterations

System adaptation in advance

- Laser scanning
- Image analysis



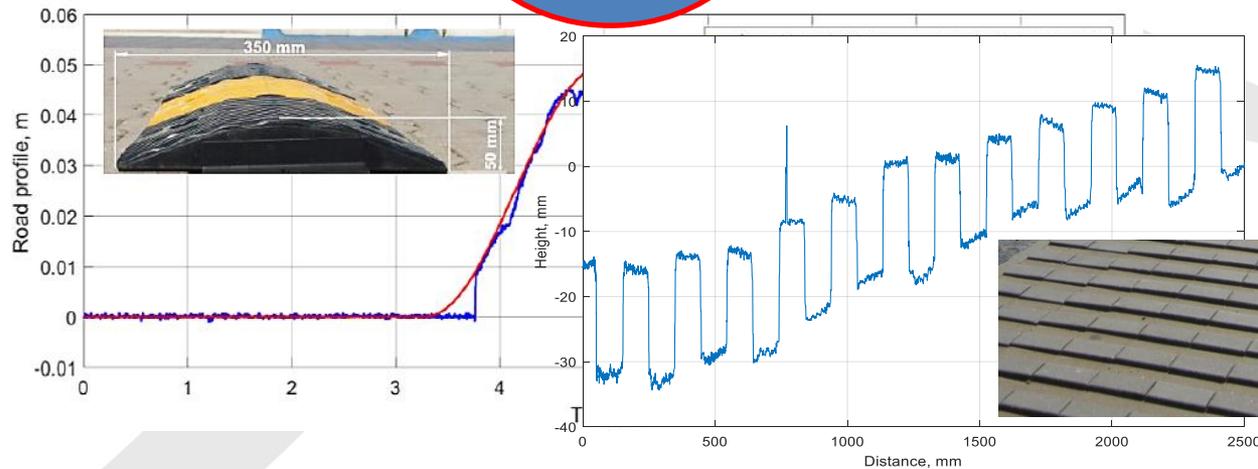


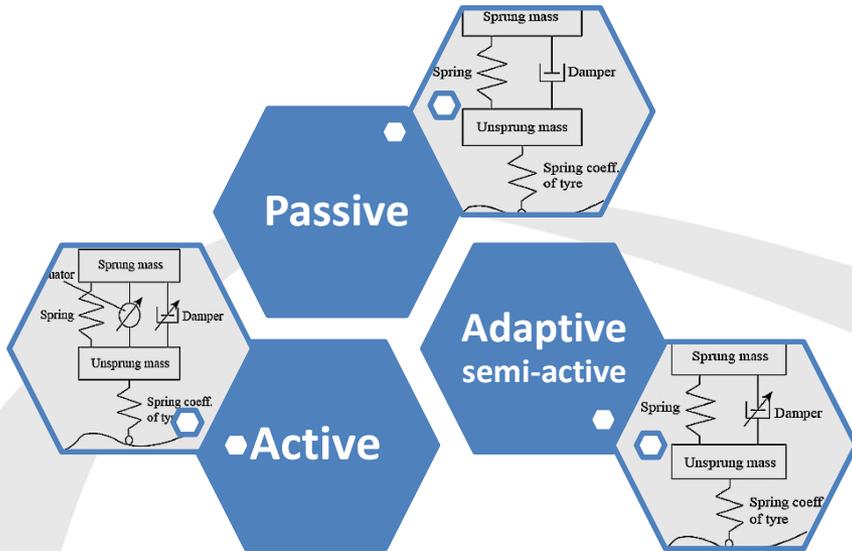
System real time adaptation

- Acceleration
- Displacement
- Initial iterations

System adaptation in advance

- Laser scanning
- Image analysis



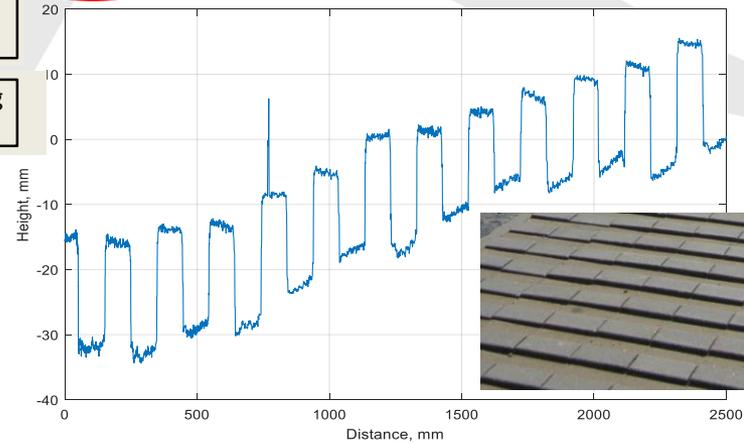
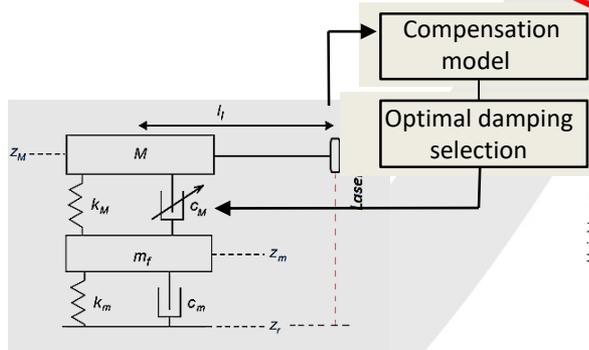


System real time adaptation

- Acceleration
- Displacement
- Initial iterations

System adaptation in advance

- Laser scanning
- Image analysis





System
real time
adaptation

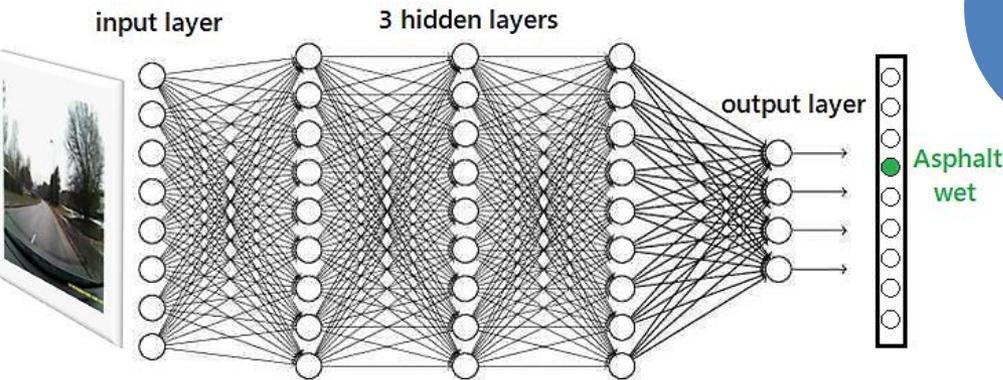
- Acceleration
- Displacement
- Initial iterations

System
adaptation
in advance

- Laser scanning
- Image analysis



- **Artificial intelligence**
- **Deep Neural Networks**
- **Dataset of 250K+ images created**
- **12 different road surface types**



System
real time
adaptation

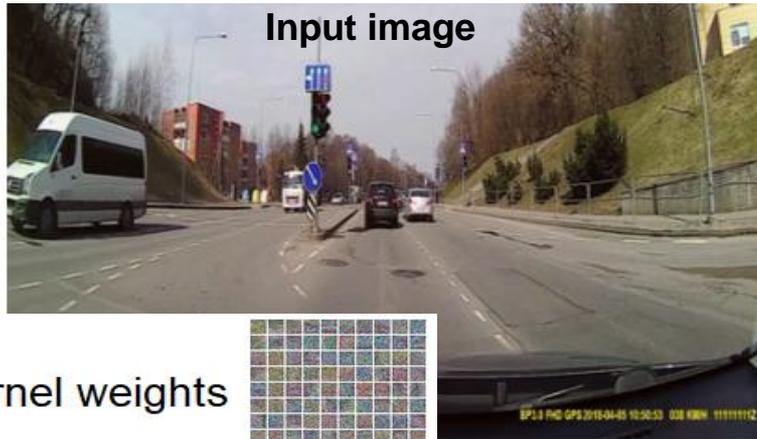
- Acceleration
- Displacement
- Initial iterations

System
adaptation
in advance

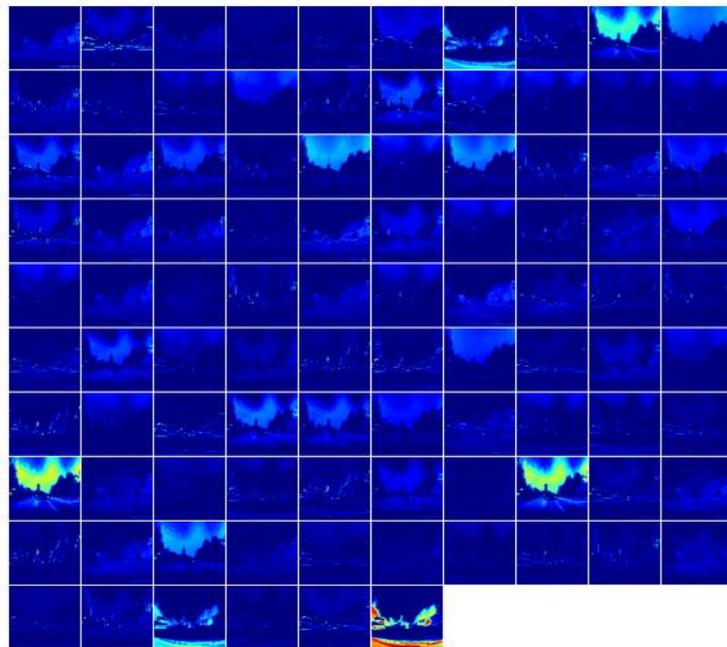
- Laser scanning
- Image analysis



- Artificial intelligence
- Deep Neural Networks
- Dataset of 250K+ images created
- 12 different road surface types



Feature maps



System
real time
adaptation

- Acceleration
- Displacement
- Initial iterations

System
adaptation
in advance

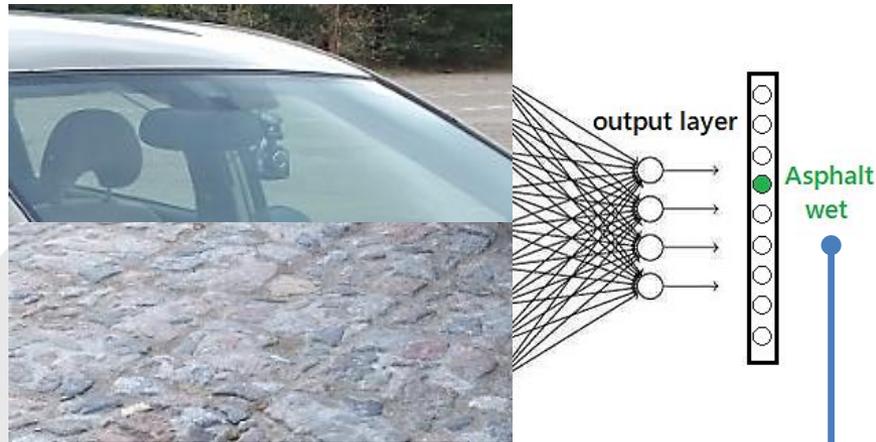
- Laser scanning
- **Image analysis**

- **Artificial intelligence**
- **Deep Neural Networks**
- **Dataset of 250K+ images created**
- **12 different road surface types**

80.21% Asphalt dry



- Autonomous emergency braking (AEB)
- Adaptive cruise control (ACC)



μ

$$a_{max} = \mu g$$

$$S_{min} = v_o t_r + \frac{v_o^2}{2a_{max}}$$

$$TTC_{min} = \frac{S_{min}}{v_{rel}}$$

$$TTC_{min} \geq TTC$$

Yes

Full braking

$$TTC = \frac{S_{rel}}{v_{rel}} \quad (0,8-3,05 \text{ s})$$

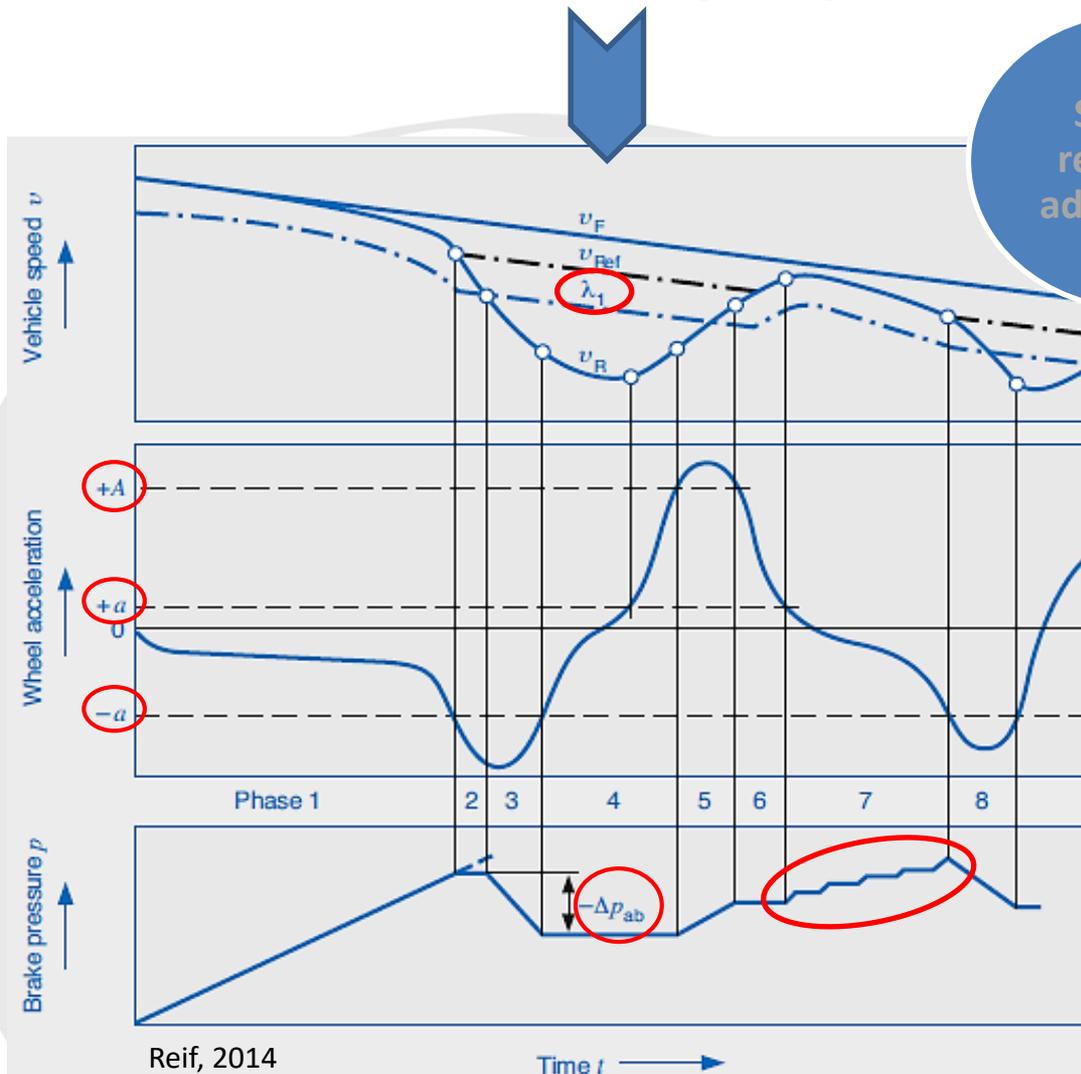
System
real time
adaptation

- Acceleration
- Displacement
- Initial iterations

System
adaptation
in advance

- Laser scanning
- Image analysis

Pavement friction from image analysis



System
real time
adaptation

- Acceleration
- Displacement
- Initial iterations

System
adaptation
in advance

- Laser scanning
- Image analysis

Pavement roughness
from laser scanning

Reif, 2014

<https://www.qualcomm.com/news/onq/2016/06/07/path-5g-paving-road-tomorrows-autonomous-vehicles>

Vehicle-to-Pedestrian (V2P)



e.g. pedestrian in walkway ahead

Vehicle-to-Network (V2N)



e.g. traffic queue five kilometers ahead

Vehicle-to-Vehicle (V2V)



e.g. emergency vehicle approaching



Vehicle-to-Infrastructure (V2I)



e.g. traffic signal ahead turning red



System
real time
adaptation

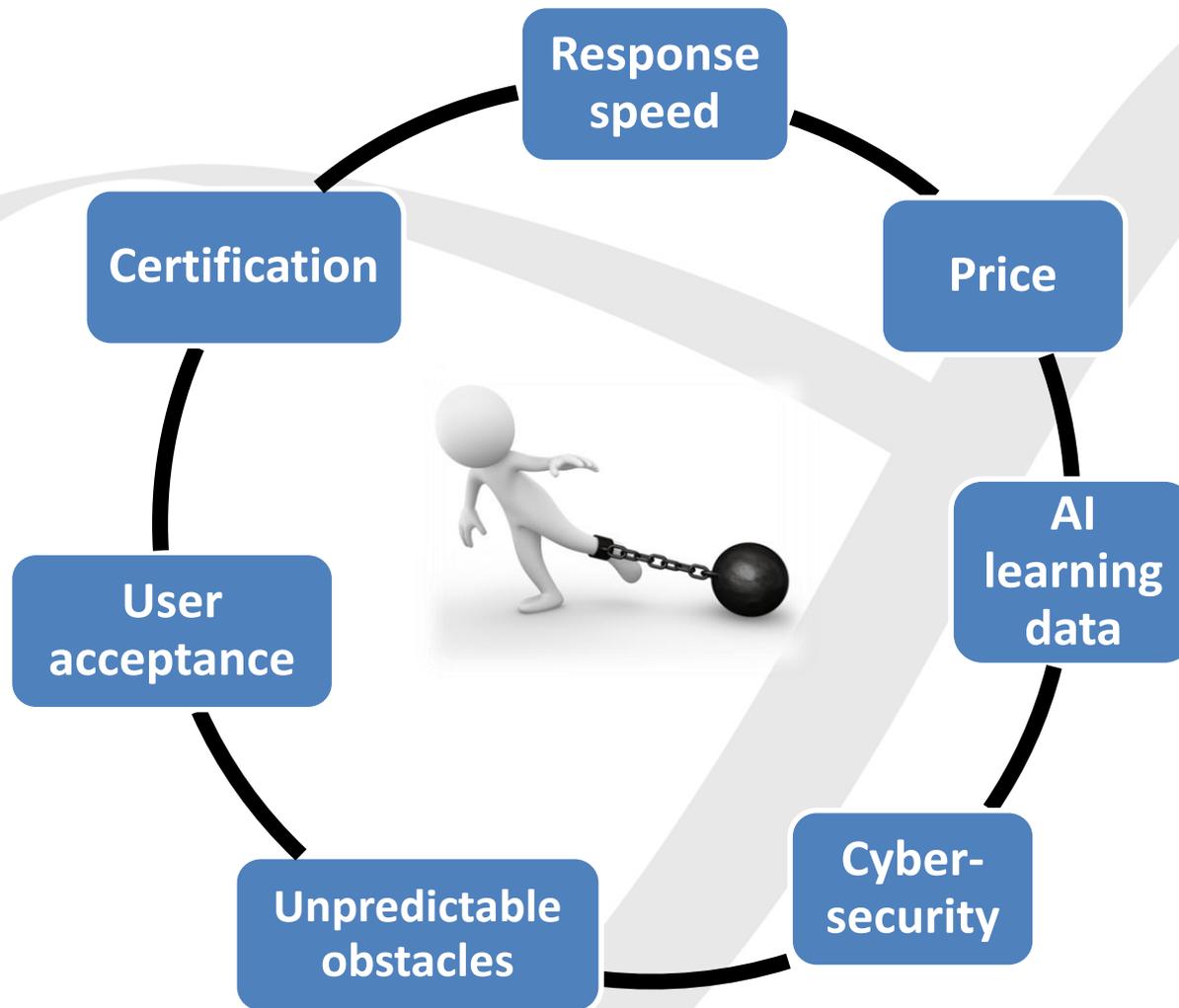
- Acceleration
- Displacement
- Initial iterations

System
adaptation
in advance

- Laser scanning
- Image analysis

System
external
informing

- Communication
- $V2X = V2V + V2I + V2N + \dots$



Thank you for your attention!

Ačiū!



VILNIUS GEDIMINAS
TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

Dr. Vidas Žuraulis
vidas.zuraulis@vgtu.lt