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Norwegian Road Traffic Act

Section 10

 A driver of a vehicle must stop immediately for inspection when so requested by the police

Section 22

- No one must drive a vehicle when he is under the influence of alcohol or some intoxicating or narcotic substance.
- Under influence when the content in blood is lager than 0.2 g/L or breath exceeds 0.1 mg/L of air.
- Driver must not consume alcohol or any other intoxicating or narcotic substance during the first six hours after finished driving if the driver should have realized that there may be a police investigation into his driving (this prohibition no longer applies after evidential test).



Limits other substances

- Impairment graded limits for 28 different illegal drugs and medicines corresponding to BAC limits .
- \bullet 0.2 0.5 1.2
- Other substances impairment based approach
- Similar rules and limits of both dink-driving and drug-driving will increase public acceptance and awareness on the fact that neither alcohol nor drugs go well with driving improve road safety.



Norwegian Road Traffic Act

Section 22a

- The Police has the authority to do random roadside alcohol and drugs screening test's of the driver
- If reason to believe evidential test (blood/breath)
- Refuse to take test blood sample by force

Aids and abets to impaired driving is a criminal act



Drink and drug driving penalties and driving license suspension

0,21 >

a fine of 1 monthly (gross) salary and a criminal record

NB! Novice drivers/or special conditions a minimum 6 months driving ban

• 0,51 >

a minimum 1 year driving ban, a fine of 1,5 monthly (gross) salary and a conditional sentence of imprisonment (a criminal record)

• 1,21 >

a minimum 2 year driving ban, a fine of 1,5 monthly (gross) salary and a unconditional sentence of imprisonment (21 days) (a criminal record)





Norwegian Road Traffic Act

Section 34

• If just cause to suspect abuse (have a problem) of alcohol or intoxicating or narcotic substance – withdraw driving licenses

Norwegian National Mobile Police Service



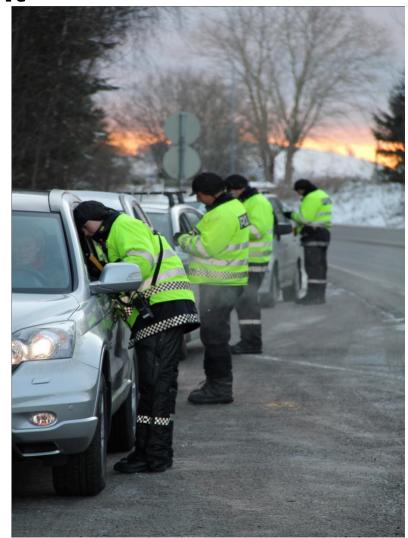
ROAD POLICING



Main task - Traffic enforcement









Second task – Fighting Road Criminals





Criminals are using the roads

Intelligence demonstrates that individuals who are listed in the police convictions register are over-represented in fatal road traffic accidents as a proportion of the general population

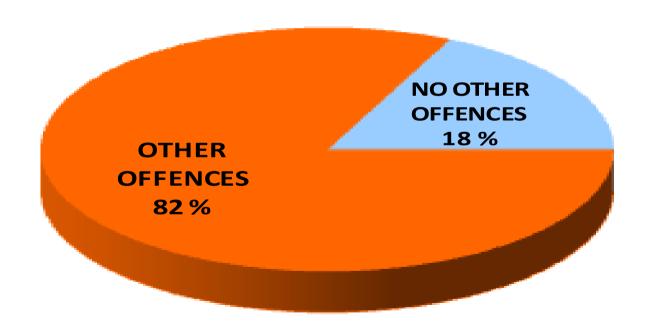


Police Roadside Control





Study of alcohol & drug drivers 2009









ANPR



Random breath and saliva testing

- Legal basis for the police to conduct random road-side breath and saliva based testing (screening).
- Serve as an indication of whether a person has alcohol or drugs in her/his body.







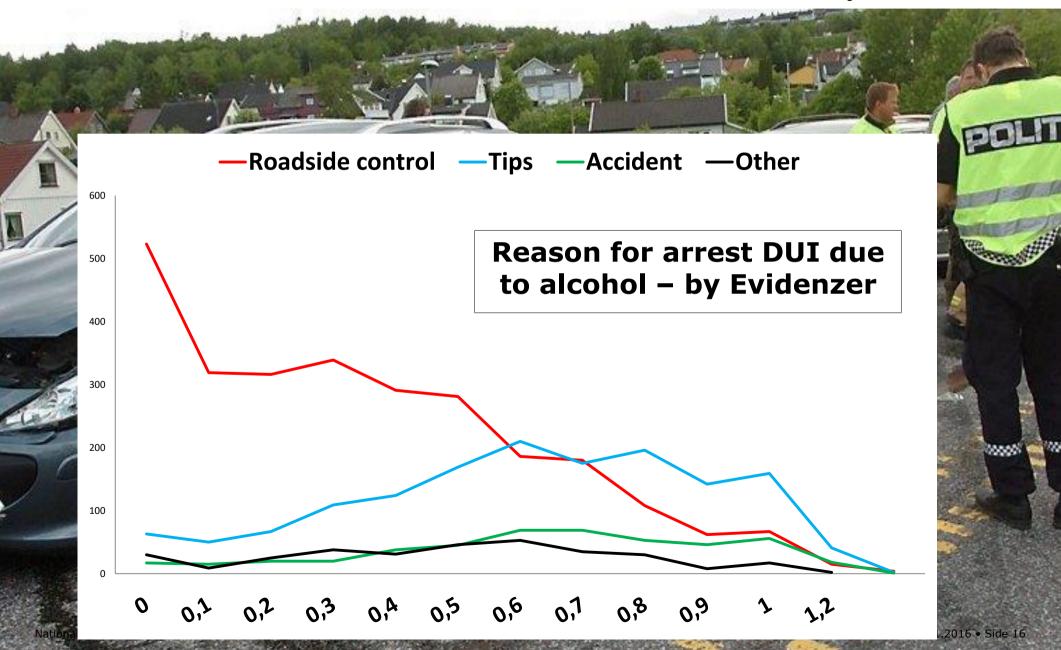
Evidence – Evidenzer Mobile 240

- Legal evidence for alcohol has to be established by an additional breath test (police officer) or optionally a blood sample (medical).
- Result average 45 minutes after arrest
- Legal evidence for other substances blood sample



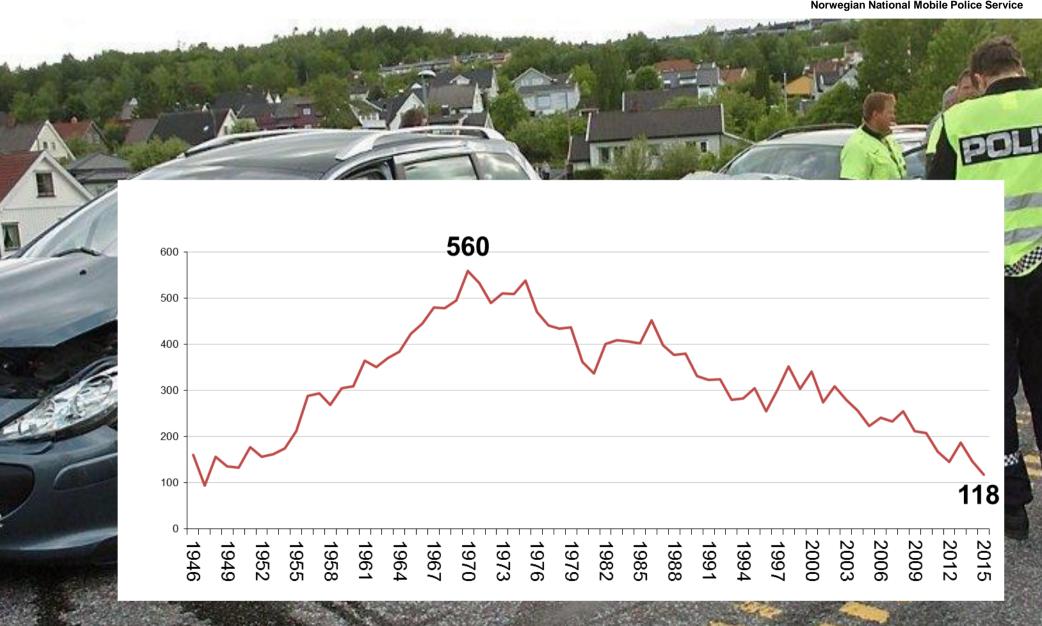


Norwegian National Mobile Police Service



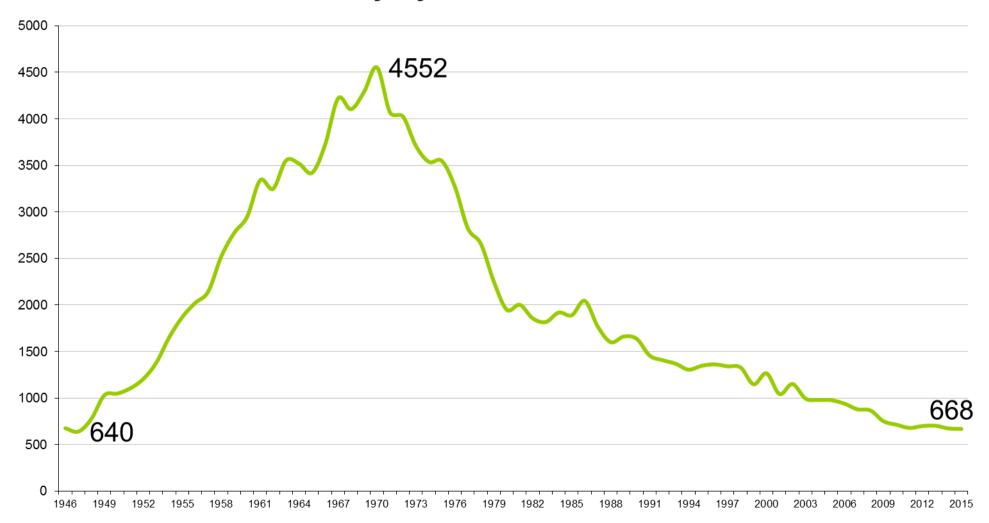


Norwegian National Mobile Police Service





Seriously injured in Traffic 1946 - 2015





Thank you for your attention!

