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# Older cyclists and e-bike riders - What's same, what's different?

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# Types of e-bikes in Germany

## Pedelec (Pedelec25)

- Support up to 25 km/h
- 99 % e-bikes sold in Germany (ZIV, 2019)



## S-Pedelec (Pedelec45)

- Support up to 45 km/h
- No use of bicycle infrastructure





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# Introduction

Pedelec and bicycle crashes



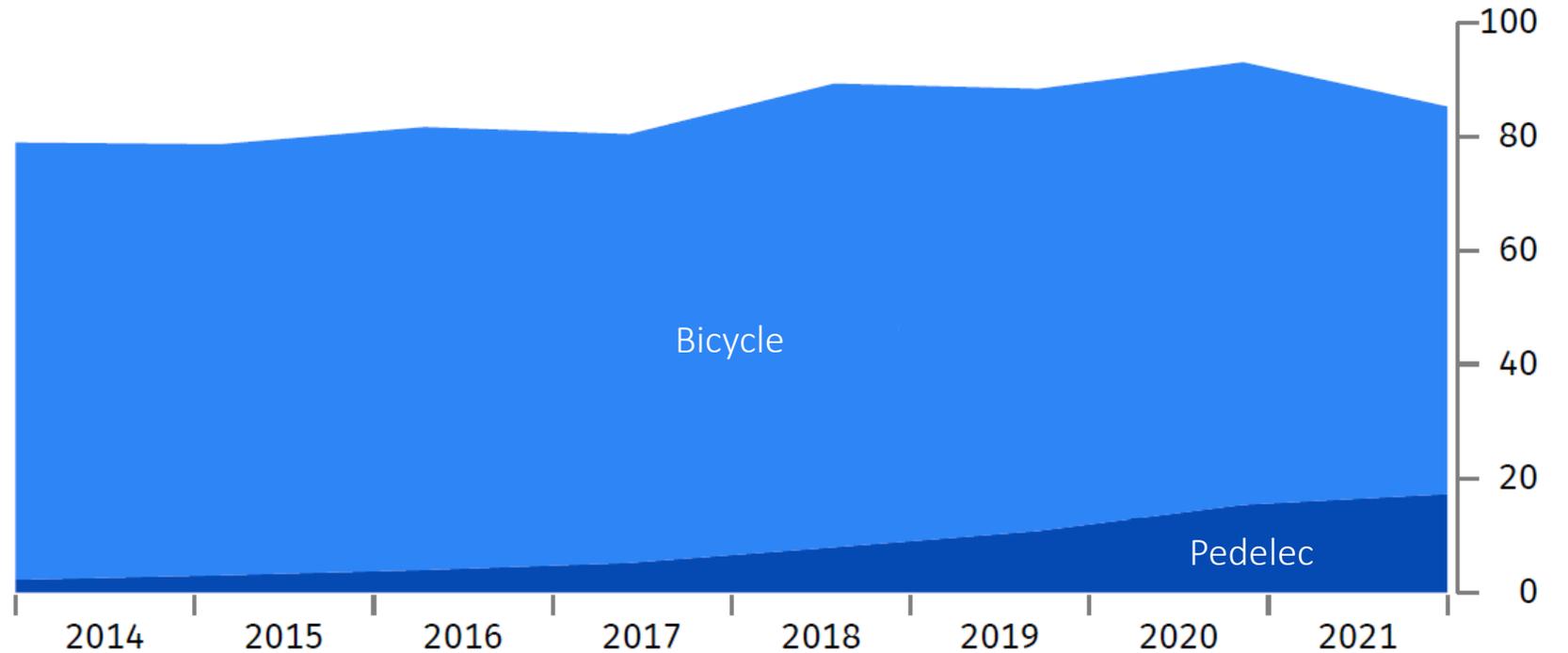
Germany has one of the highest death rates in the EU for cyclists (PIN report, 2023)



2014: 2,245  
2021: 17,285



2014: 76,643  
2021: 67,931

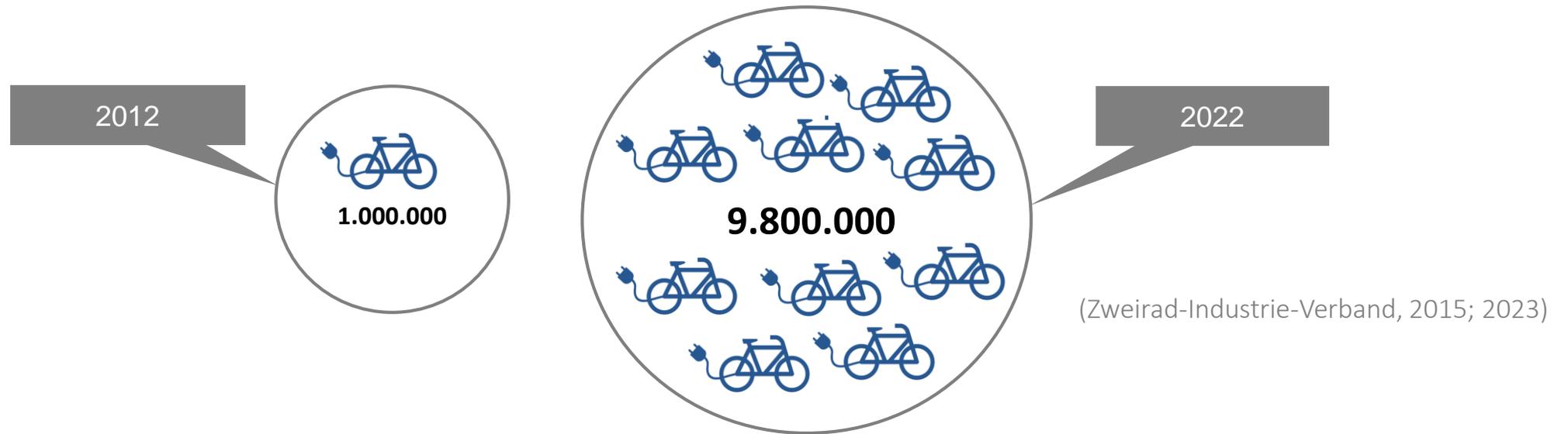


© Statistisches Bundesamt (Destatis), 2022

Figure from Statistisches Bundesamt [Destatis]. (2022). Die neue Zweirad-Mobilität: Zum Unfallgeschehen mit Pedelecs und E-Scootern“ Online-Pressesgespräch 12.07.2022.



# Introduction e-bikes (pedelecs)



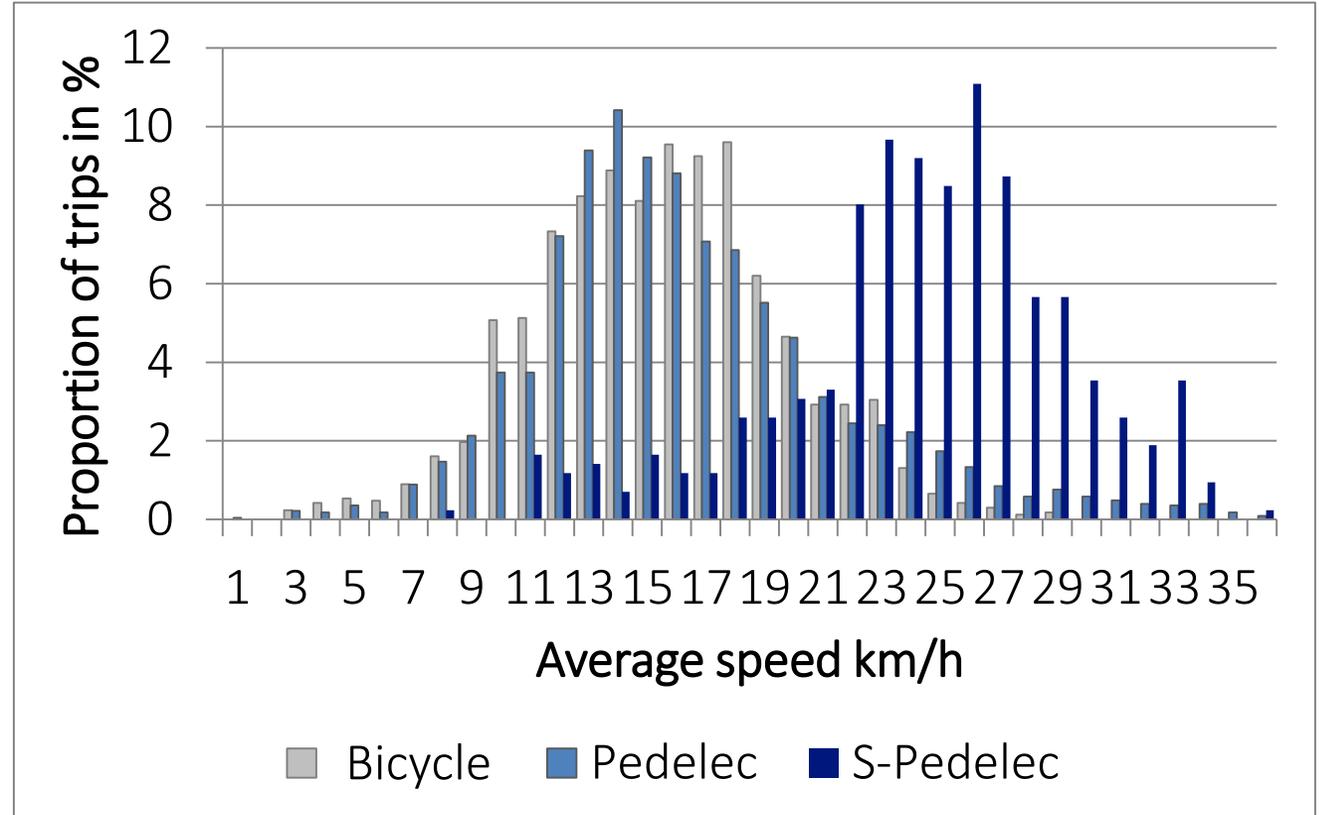
- Pedelecs are especially popular with older users (Gaster, 2021; Schepers et al., 2020)
- Road safety concerns → higher speeds, higher weight



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# How fast are pedelec riders compared to cyclists?

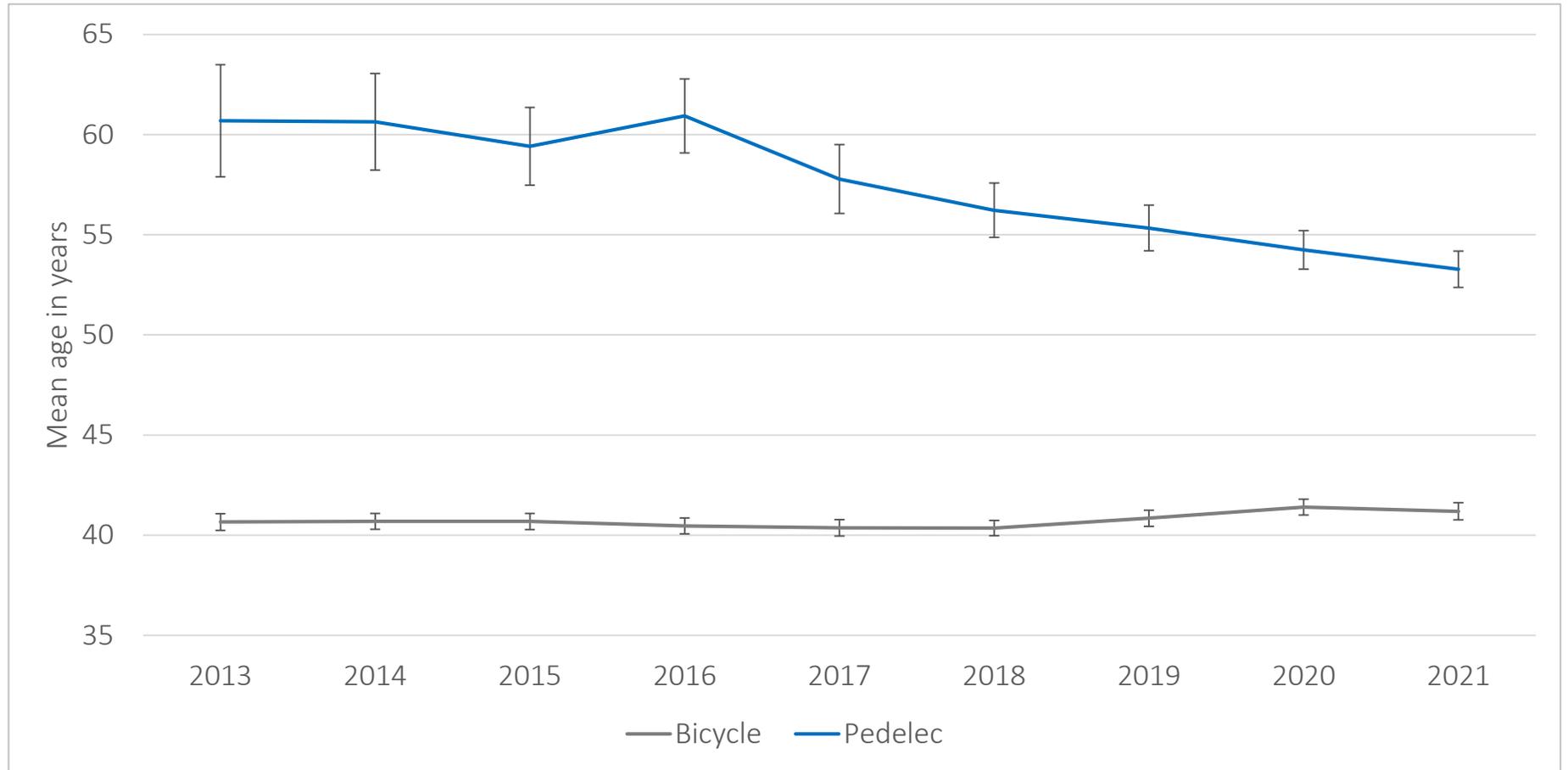
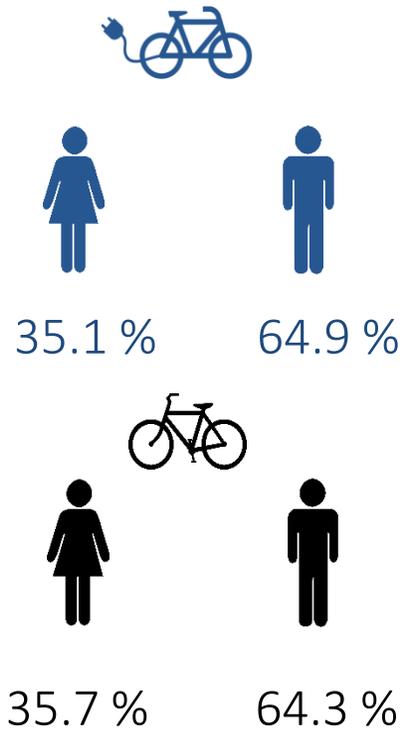
|              | <u>Bicycle</u> | <u>Pedelec</u> | <u>S-Pedelec</u> |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
|              | <i>Mean</i>    | <i>Mean</i>    | <i>Mean</i>      |
| Age groups   | <i>Speed</i>   | <i>Speed</i>   | <i>Speed</i>     |
| ≤ 40 years   | 16.6           | 20.5           | 23.4             |
| 41-64 years  | 15.8           | 17.5           | 25.1             |
| ≥ 65 years   | 13.9           | 14.8           | -                |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>15.3</b>    | <b>17.4</b>    | <b>24.5</b>      |



Schleinitz, K., Petzoldt, T., Franke-Bartholdt, L., Krems, J., & Gehlert, T. (2017). The German Naturalistic Cycling Study - Comparing cycling speed of riders of different e-bikes and conventional bicycles. *Safety Science*, 92, 290-297 doi:10.1016/j.ssci.2015.07.027



# Crashes: Gender and age of the riders

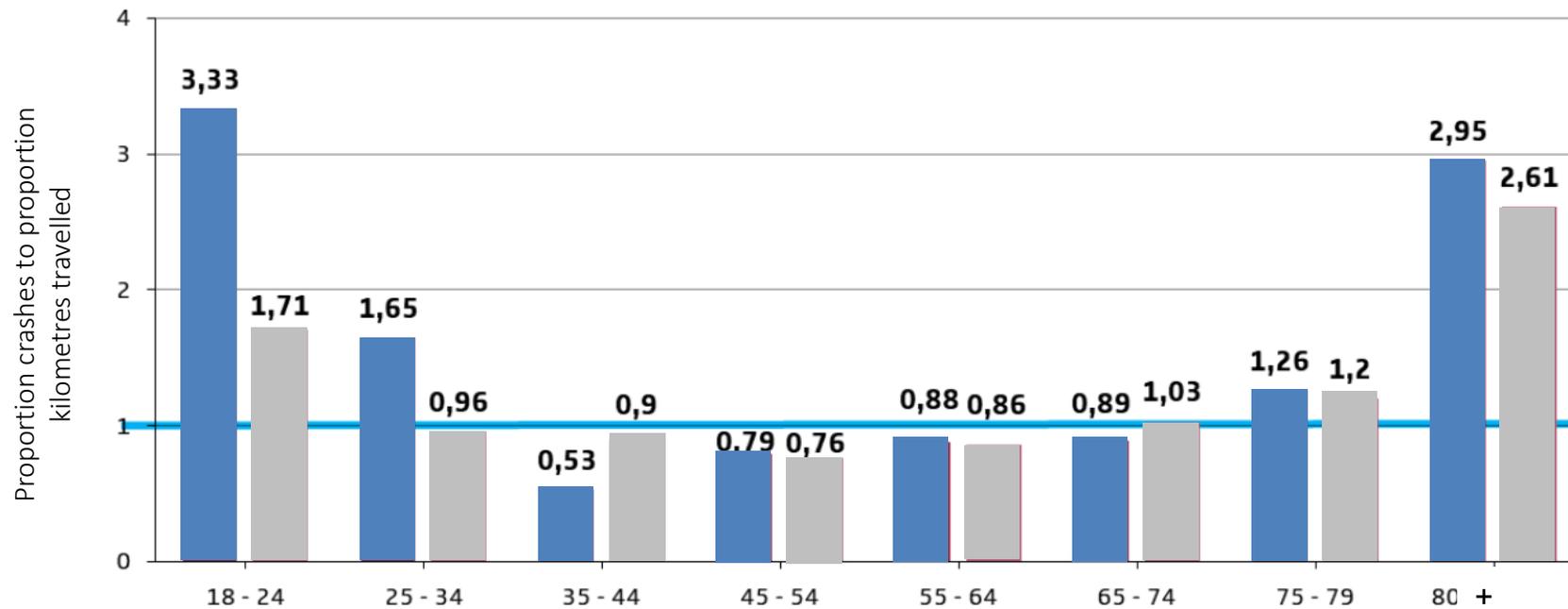


Schleinitz, K., & Petzoldt, T. (2023). Development of German pedelec (and bicycle) crashes between 2013 and 2021. *Journal of Safety Research*. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsr.2023.09.016>



# Crash risk for different age groups

Crash risk when pedelec riders and cyclists caused the crash



Gesamtverband der Deutschen Versicherungswirtschaft e. V.

**Forschungsbericht Nr. 81**

Unfallrisiko von Pedelec-Fahrer:innen

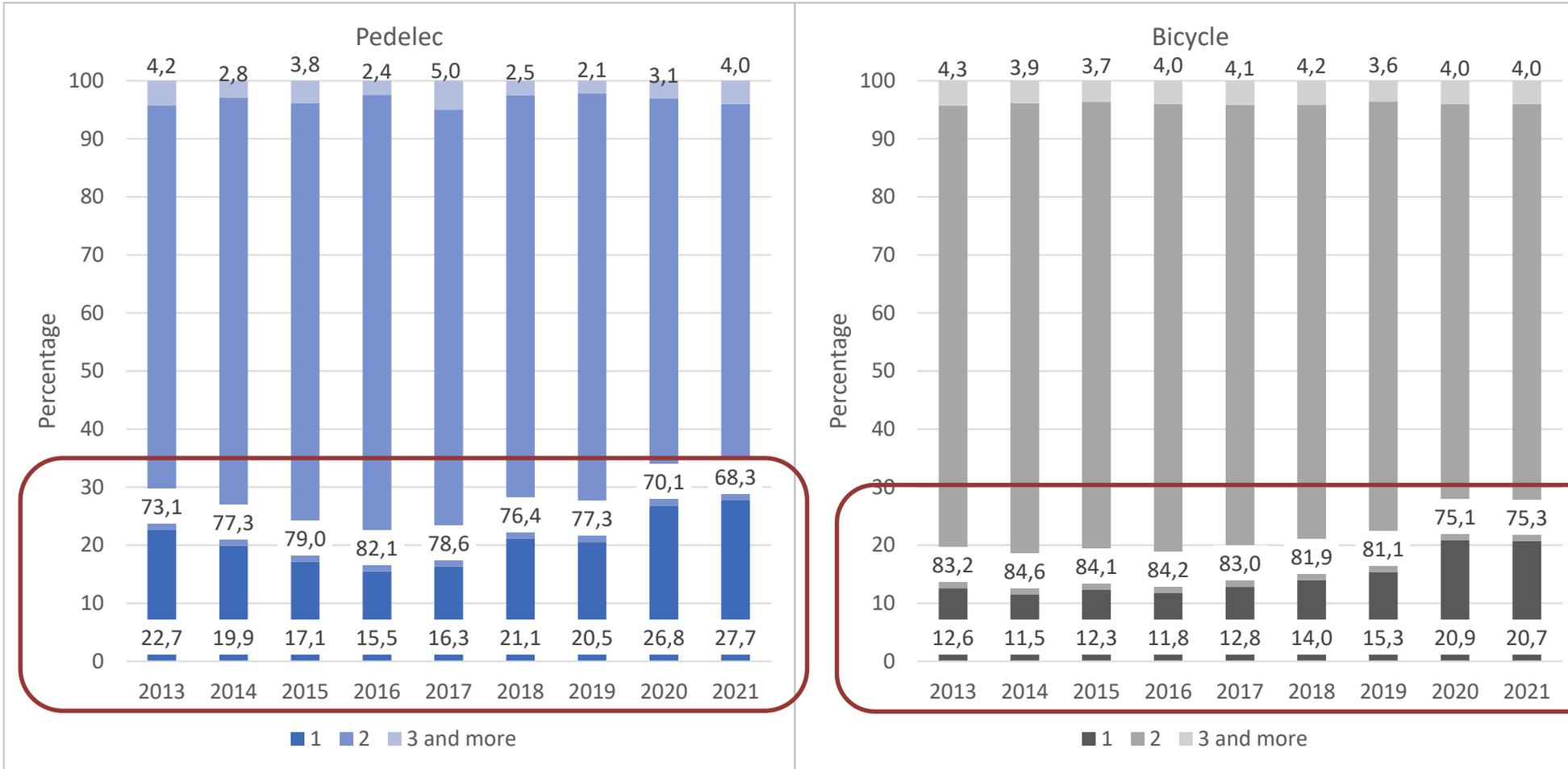
Kristina Gaster  
Tina Gehlert

Unfallforschung  
der Versicherer  
GDV

Figure from Gaster, K., & Gehlert, T. (2022). *Unfallrisiko von Pedelec-Fahrer:innen* (Forschungsbericht Nr. 81). Unfallforschung der Versicherer.



# Results – Number of conflict partners

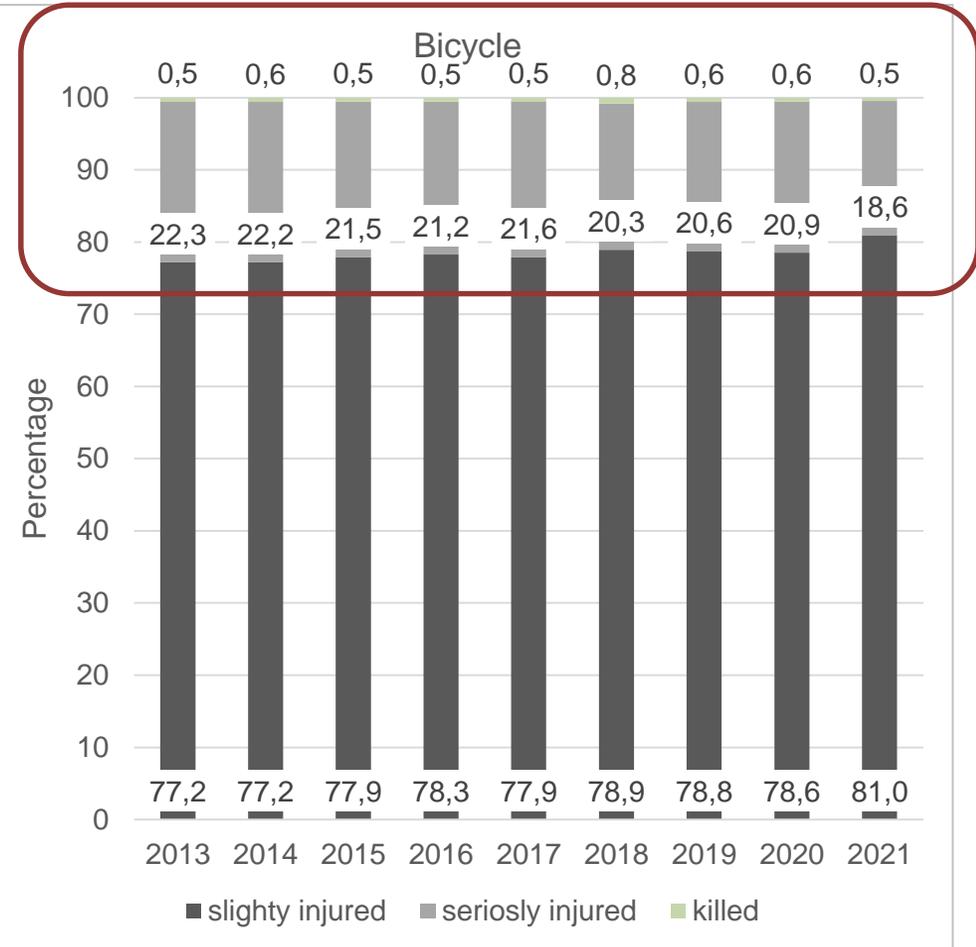
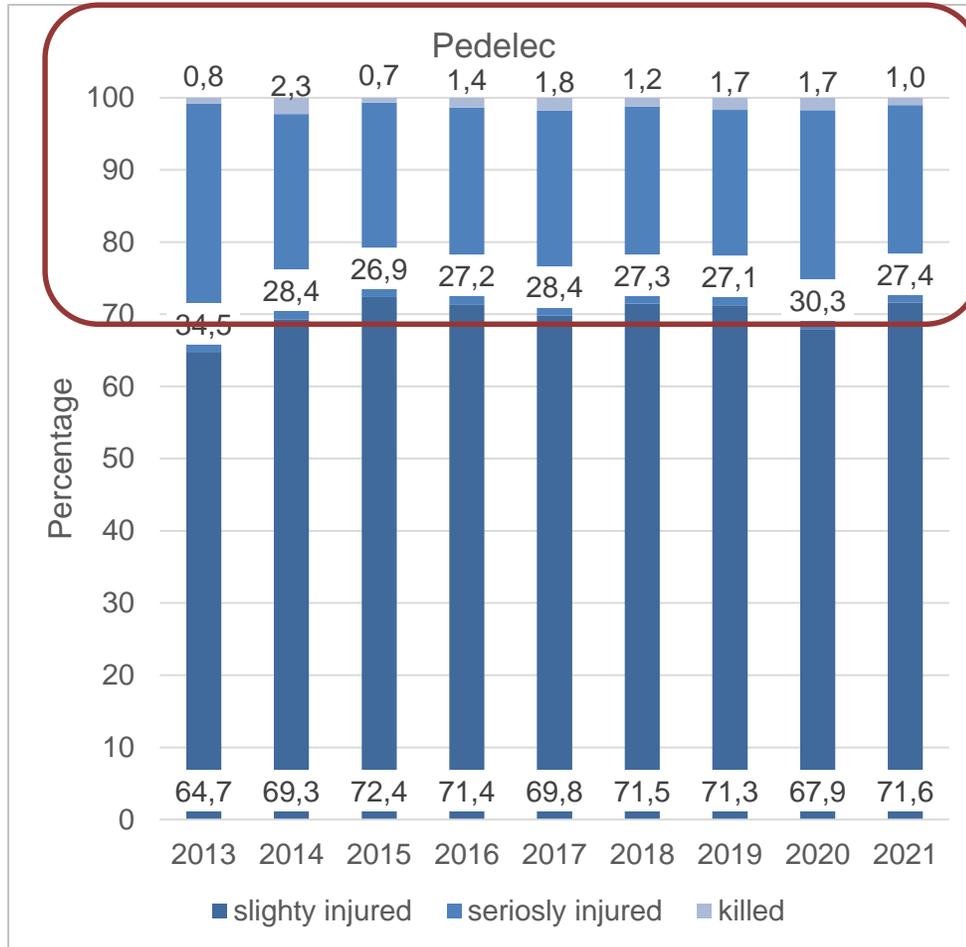


**65+**  
Pedelec:  
 26.0% single accidents of all crashes  
**65+**  
Cyclists:  
 18.8% single accidents

Schleinitz, K., & Petzoldt, T. (2023). Development of German pedelec (and bicycle) crashes between 2013 and 2021. *Journal of Safety Research*. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsr.2023.09.016>



# Injury severity



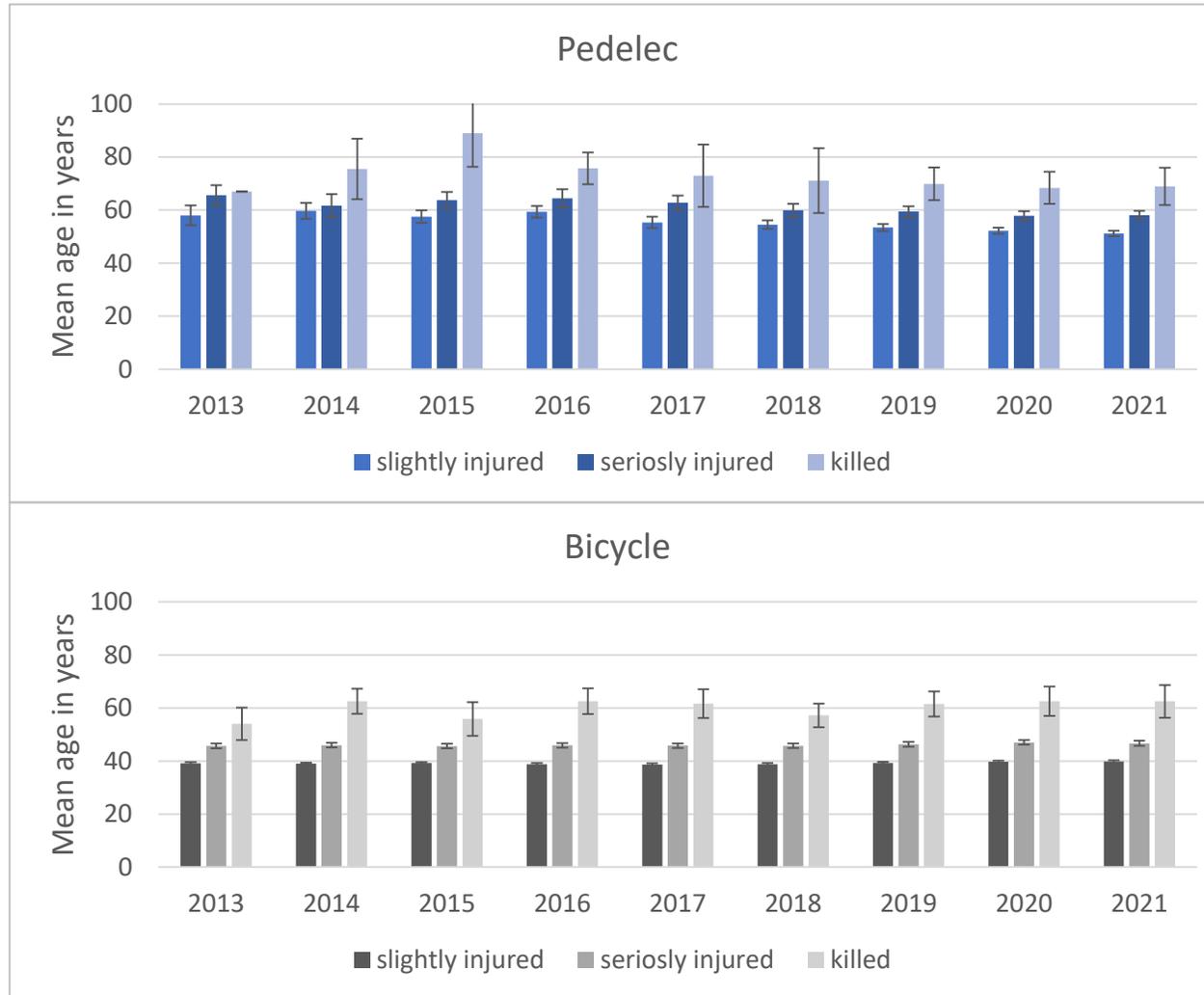
Schleinitz, K., & Petzoldt, T. (2023). Development of German pedelec (and bicycle) crashes between 2013 and 2021. *Journal of Safety Research*. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsr.2023.09.016>





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# Age and injury severity



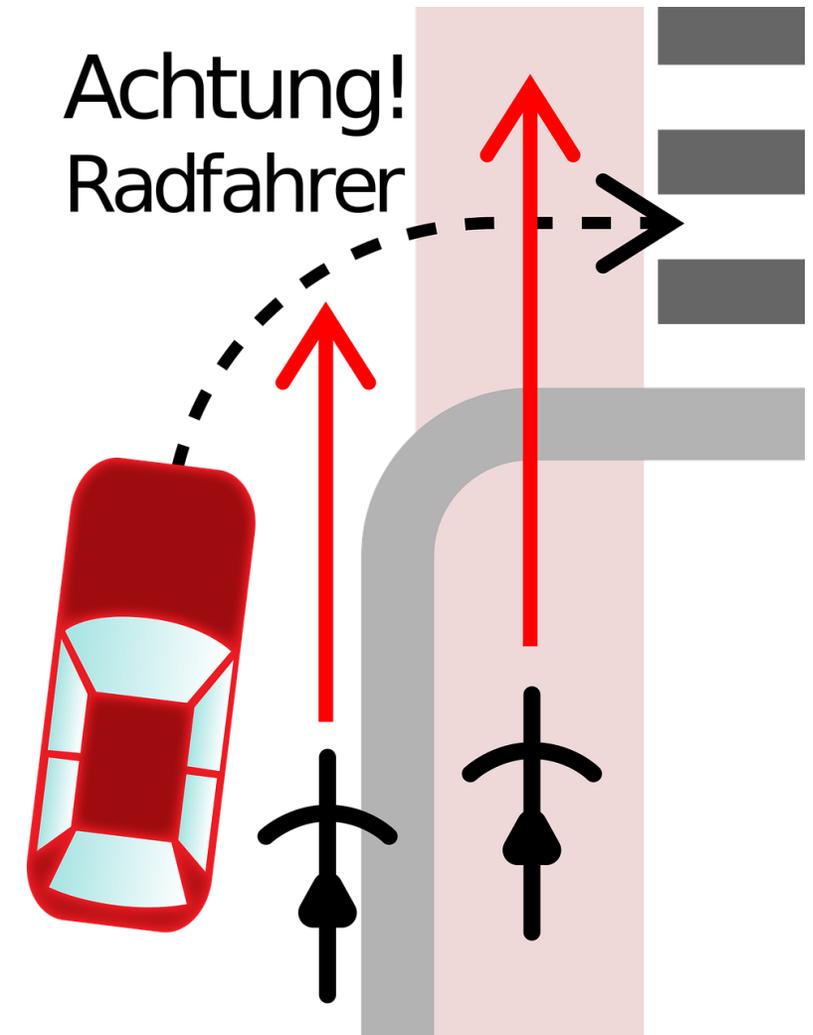
Higher chance of a serious or fatal injury higher for a pedelec rider compared to a cyclist after controlling for age, gender and other factors.

Schleinitz, K., & Petzoldt, T. (2023). Development of German pedelec (and bicycle) crashes between 2013 and 2021. *Journal of Safety Research*. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsr.2023.09.016>



# Typical scenarios and crash type

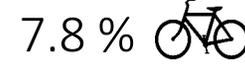
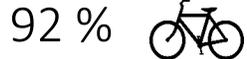
- Often conflicts at intersections comparable to cyclists  
(Dozza et al., 2016; Petzoldt, Schleinitz, Heilmann, & Gehlert, 2017)
  - Most frequent type turning into accidents  
(Gehlert et al., 2018; Schleinitz et al., 2023)
- Other road users underestimate the speed of a pedelec rider and choose smaller gaps for turning, (Petzoldt, Schleinitz, Kreams, & Gehlert, 2017)
  - Effect more pronounced for older riders  
(Schleinitz, Petzoldt, Kreams, Kühn, & Gehlert, 2015)
- Reasons: visual effect e. g. pedalling frequency is lower for pedelecs, but rides faster than bicycles  
(Schleinitz, Petzoldt, Kreams, & Gehlert, 2016)





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# Situational factors



(Schleinitz et al., 2023)



(Fyhri et al., 2019; Schleinitz et al., 2023)

(Gehlert et al., 2018; Schleinitz et al., 2023)

Conflict partner:



(Dozza et al., 2016; Petzoldt et al., 2017, Schleinitz et al., 2023)

## Crash causation

Rider failure higher for pedelec riders as well as inappropriate speed compared to cyclists (Schleinitz et al., 2023)



# Measurements

Training for cyclists and pedelec riders

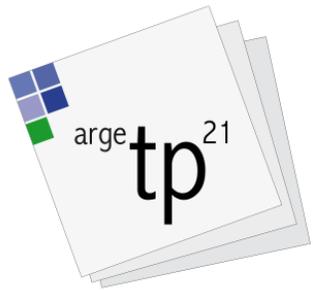
Expansion of bicycle infrastructure



Promotion of wearing a bicycle helmet



Retroreflective clothes



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# Thanks for your attention



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