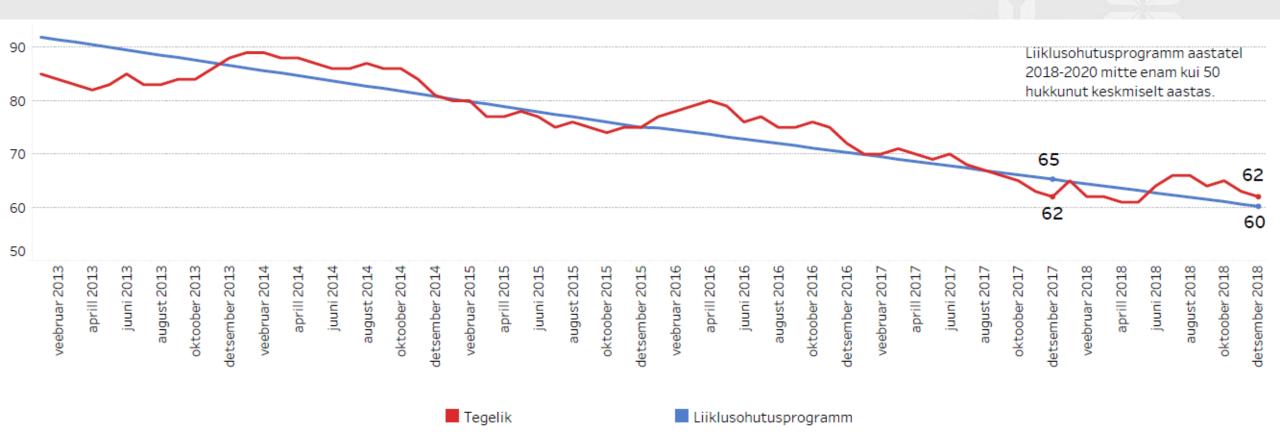


Road Safety in Estonia

Meelis Telliskivi Deputy Director General

Road Safety Programme Strategic Goal and Actual Road Fatalities





Estonian Road Safety Programme

- General part of the Road Safety Programme
 - Sets general objectives and measures
 - Sets main principles of road safety activities

- Implementation plan of the Road Safety Programme
 - 4-year roll-on action plan under each measure
 - Each action in the plan has its goal, deadline and responsible stakeholder;
 - Action Plan sums up the costs of road safety activities

https://www.mnt.ee/et/liikleja/liiklusohutusprogramm-2016-2025

General principles of road safety strategy

Vision Zero as an approach. Shared responsibility

- Systematic approach
- Pro-active, not re-active
- Knowledge-based activities

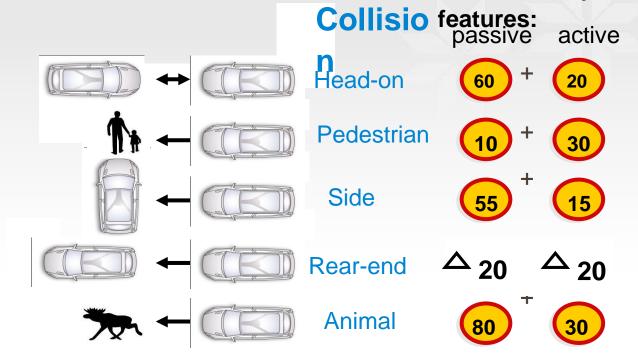










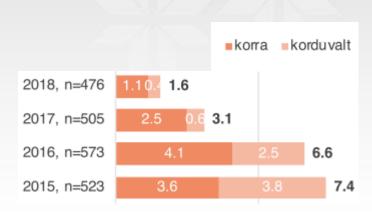


Vehicle safety

Four Main Road Safety Problems in Estonia (1)

Driving under the influence (DUI): 2018

- 13 people died in an accident with a driver under influence of alcohol or drugs
- 209 people were injured in an accident with a driver under influence of alcohol or drugs
- During Police "all blowing" enforcement activities <u>0,88%</u> of drivers were under influence (from total 770 692 test)
- Annual self-reported behavioural survey showed <u>1,6%</u> drivers
 were driving under influence at least once within a year <u>BUT</u>
 short-term and long-term trends are both positive (2017=3,1%,



Four Main Road Safety Problems in Estonia (2)

Distraction: 2018

- Risk factor in <u>10</u> fatal accidents (based on in-depth investigation).
- 69% of drivers use mobile phone while driving (self-reported survey).
- 43% of all mobile phone users always /often use hands-free systems (2017. a 40%) and 22% use hand-held systems (2017. a 23%). In the previous three years number of hand-held mobile phone users decreased by 9%.
- Police has detected <u>3770</u> cases of distraction while driving (2017=2554)

Four Main Road Safety Problems in Estonia (3)

Safety equipment (seatbelt, helmet, reflector): 2018

- Risk factor in <u>26</u> fatal accidents.
- Almost all front-seat car occupants use seat belt. (<u>97%</u> drivers and <u>95%</u> front-seat passengers, self-reported survey)
- There are less seat belt users among rear-seat passengers (<u>85%</u>) and much less among bus passengers (<u>43%</u> only on buses equipped with seat belts)
- In general 86% of Estonian population use reflectors during night.
- Police detected 3379 violations of safety equipment use

Four main problems in Estonian road safety (4)

Speeding: 2018

- Risk factor in <u>26</u> fatal accidents.
- On main roads 30% of drivers don't exceed the speed limit, 40% on minor roads and 56% in built-up area. (self-reported survey)
- 30% exceed the speed limit on main roads for more than 5 km/h, 4% of them for more than 10 km/h.
- Due to speeding 24% of drivers were at near-crash situations and 1% were involved in a road accident.
- Police registered 36 682 cases of speeding and 110 391 violations detected by speed cameras.

Prevention and future activities

- Media and educational campaigns on speed and speeding
 - Started with annual national media campaigns on speeding in 2009
 - Continue prevention activities using various methods. We assess annual national campaigns by campaign detection rates (self-reported survey) and still looking for other means to measure effectiveness.
- Speed enforcement
 - Manual controls
 - Stationary speed cameras from 2009, total 66 measuring spots and 38 cameras.
 - Mobile speed cameras have been tested successfully. Plan to start using II half of 2019.
- Speed management: make speeds meet road parameters on the state road network
 - Overview the speed limits on the whole state roads network, testing and implementing a new method for speed management.
 - Cooperation with local authorities on safe speeds for streets and local roads
- Traffic behaviour-based demerit point system for drivers is under the discussion now (?)

Summary

- In order to meet the Road Safety Programme goal we have to make a considerable effort
- Speed is most important risk factor causing the most severe injuries
- Road users don't perceive the whole risk from speeding
- There are no simple solutions in order to fight against speeding. A system approach has to be used. Two main issues have to be tackled:
 - Speed limits have to be safe, meet the road parameters and clear for drivers
 - Drivers have to follow these speed limits

On-going speed related national media campaign, showing the risks of breaking a speed limit:

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dcUffWxYTuM&t=1s
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RSuZo3m0Hnc

Thank you!

Use the road safely!

www.mnt.ee

How much do we know about speed related traffic risks?

- Take yor mobilphone
- Go to www.yahoot.it
- But PIN code and name

