European Risk Management Perspective Legislation

Vehicle technologies that mitigate risk

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OUR MEMBERS







































AUTHORITY





























































OUR WORK









25,845

people died in road traffic in the FU in 2014

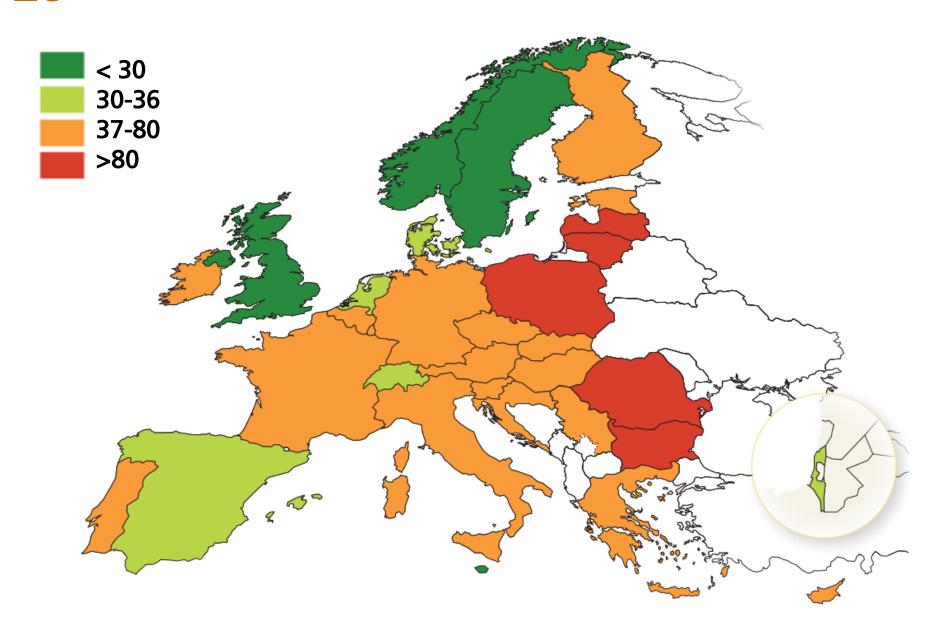


-0.6%

Worst reduction in deaths since 2001



Road deaths per million inhabitants in 2014



203,500*

seriously injured in road traffic in the EU in 2014

*Data from police records in 23 EU countries





+2.6%

increase in serious injuries









ROAD SAFETY AT WORK IN THE EU

6 of 10 work accidents resulting in death are road crashes



THE PRAISE PROJECT

- Thematic Reports
- Case Studies
- Awards
- Country Seminars
- Annual events
- Advocacy



THE BUSINESS CASE FOR MANAGING ROAD RISK AT WORK

ETHICAL CASE (CSR)
LEGAL COMPLIANCE
ECONOMIC CASE

Investment-based business case

- What's it going to take to do it?
- How will it help improve safety and business performance?

THE THREE MAIN KILLERS ON EU ROADS

Inappropriate or excessive speed

More than 2,200 road deaths could be prevented each year if average speeds dropped by 'only' 1km/h on all roads across the EU.

Driving under the influence of alcohol

At least 7,500 deaths could have been prevented if all drivers involved in accidents and reported to be driving over the limit had been sober.

Failure to wear seat belts

Around 12,400 car occupants survived serious crashes in 2009 because they wore a seat belt.

PROFESSIONAL TRANSPORT FATIGUE RESEARCH

- Driver fatigue a significant factor in 20% of commercial road transport crashes;
- Fatigue main cause in 6% of collisions,
 37% of these were fatal.
- International truck drivers said they were tired behind the wheel and reported falling asleep more than car drivers (23% vs 10%)

Risk Assessment: The Starting Point

"A planned and systematic process of identifying, assessing, monitoring, and controlling risk which adds value to the business."

Understand nature of the risk

List all causes of road incidents & injury -excessive speed, alcohol

And, Why they happen.

How can In-vehicle Safety Equipment improve road safety at work?

Health Warning

- Road risk varies from one organisation to another
- In-vehicle technology can be <u>part of the</u> solution
- No "one-size" fits all solution

PRIORITIES

- Speed
 - Intelligent Speed Assistance (ISA)
- Seat Belt Use
 - Seat belt reminders for all passenger seats
- Drink Driving
 - Alcohol interlocks on professional vehicles and a standard interface for all vehicles

WHAT IS ISA?

ISA can advise drivers of speed limits using a GPS database combined with cameras that read road signs.

The information is communicated in 3 ways:

- 1. informing the driver of the limit (advisory ISA),
- 2. warning them when they are driving faster than the limit (warning ISA)
- 3. or actively aiding the driver to keep to the limit (assisting ISA).

WHY ISA?

 Advisory ISA can achieve an 18% reduction in fatal accidents.





EU should introduce overridable, assisting ISA on all new vehicles as part of the General Safety Regulation review.

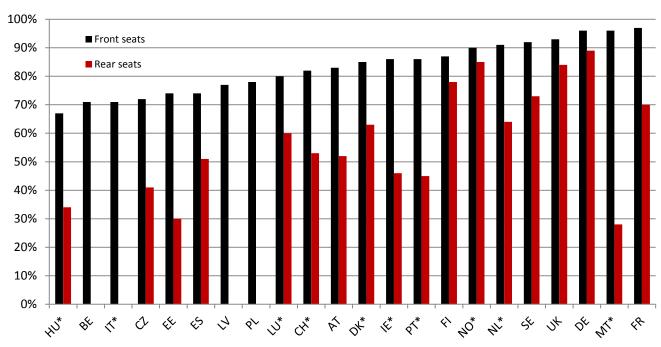
ALCOHOL INTERLOCKS

- Increasingly used across Europe for professional drivers and in rehabilitation programmes.
- Reoffending rates in Finland reduced from 30% to 6% with use of interlocks.
- Already compulsory on school buses in France and Finland.
 100,000 in use in Sweden.

Should be mandatory for professional vehicles and all cars should have a standard interface to enable use when needed.



SEAT BELT REMINDERS



 Seat belts are mandatory on all seats. But reminder alerts only on driver seat.

 Wearing rates vary greatly across Europe especially between front and rear seats and in urban and rural areas.

Seat belt reminders should be fitted on all front and rear seats. Could save 900 lives a year.

Recommendations to Employers

Get started:

- Undertake a risk
 assessment and
 draw up a road
 safety action plan
- Include in-vehicle technologies as part of the solution

- Purchase safe vehicles
- Involve employees
- Work with third parties: select likeminded contractors, influence vehicle manufacturers

Recommendations at National Level

- Be the market: safety equipment specified in public procurement
- Disseminate information: support employers to carry out risk assessments.
- Deploy financial incentives: employers to use invehicle safety equipment



EU - Fit Safety as Standard

- Public procurement: adapt EU directive to include invehicle safety technologies
- Seat belt reminders: ensure every new vehicle has a system for all occupants
- Speed management: introduce overridable, assisting ISA on all new vehicles
- Alcohol interlocks: mandatory for professional vehicles and all cars should have a standard interface



PRAISE Award – Still time to apply!

 Annual Award to employers (SME and larger, public authority) for outstanding contribution in the field of work related road safety.



- > Recognition of efforts
- > Press coverage

Exchange of best practice with other companies at an event in Brussels

- > New business opportunities
- > Employee satisfaction





PRAISE Events: 2015



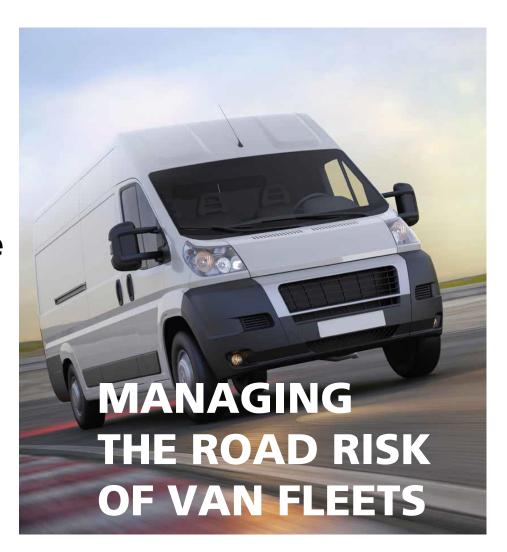
PRAISE Conference Brussels

Award and Launch of Reports

- 20 October 2015

Vans and Van Drivers

- Van use in Europe is on the increase, particularly following a rise in the home delivery sector
- Less than 3.5 tons vans are not subject to the same legal scrutiny as heavy goods vehicles



Young Drivers at the workplace

- young and novice driver risk result principally from factors of inexperience, age, and gender
- the incident rate of young workers (18 24) in land transport field is 41% higher than for older workers (Eurostat 2014)



Thank you for your attention!

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