





#### **Aims**

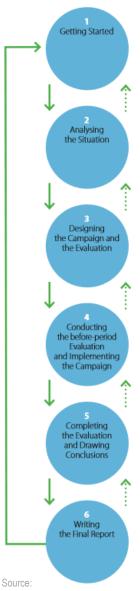
- implementing a national campaign based on the CAST approach
- drawing attention to the danger of inappropriate speed
- providing information
- raising awareness
- changing the target group's behaviour





# Steps in designing, implementing and evaluating the campaign

- Analysing the situation
- Analysing the target group
- Choosing a theoretical model
- Providing input for briefing
- Giving feedback on the draft
- Pre-testing the campaign
- Evaluating the campaign
- Drawing conclusions
- Writing the Final Report





# **Analysing the situation – accident statistics**

- Every 4th fatality on Austrian roads is caused by inappropriate speed
- > Therefrom more than two third on rural roads
- Two third of killed and half of seriously injured in cars
- > Most of those accidents are single accidents or with oncoming traffic
- ➤ More speed-related accidents during winter,
- > during weekdays, in the afternoon
- ➤ More males,
- > especially young and middle aged cause speed-related accidents



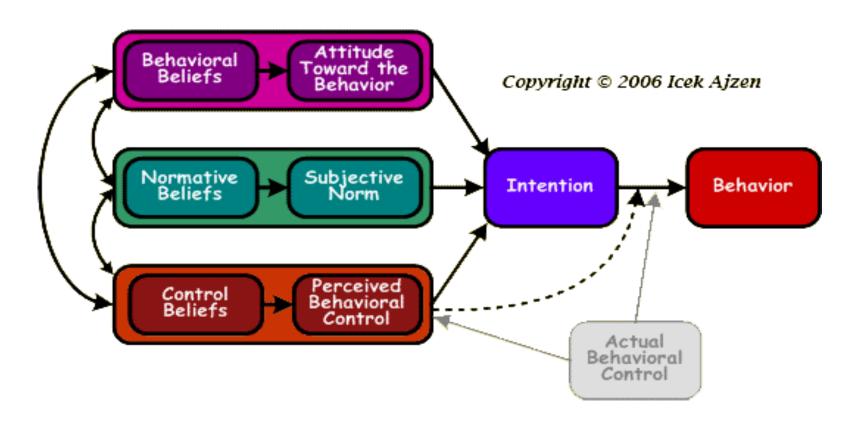
Analysing the target group – group discussions

- emotions and thoughts during driving on rural roads
- reasons for driving fast(er)
- arguments against driving fast and from whom

	+	
Arguments	Appeal to reason Address safety External circumstances	Keeping rules Save the environment It is dangerous Can be expensive "what if" Criticism
Sender	Taxi driver Navigation system Children Experienced driver Father Executive authority	Partner Friends Poser Co-driver People that "haven't a clue"



# Choosing a theoretical model





# **Spot**



Sicher leben.





KFV

#### Lenken Sie Ihr Schicksal selbst.

Selbstüberschätzung kann Ihr Leben auf den Kopf stellen.





Zeitdruck macht Sie blind.

bmoth

Lassen Sie sich nicht i Sie Ihr Tempo an! Mac

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# Info-page

https://infothek.bmvit.gv.at/verkehrssicherheit-tempo-anpassen/









#### **Evaluation**

#### 2 samples

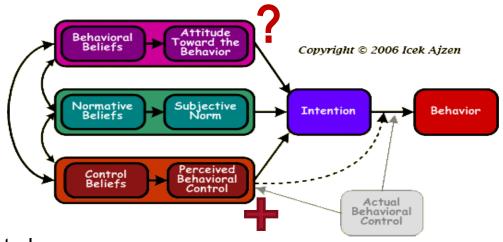
- Male, middle-aged (30-45) car drivers (n=300)
- Austrian population (n=1000)

#### 3 online-surveys

- before (October 2016)
- after (May/June 2017)
- 3-6 months later

#### **Expected impact**

- increased perceived behavioural control
- maybe change in attitude





# **Pre-testing the campaign (1/2)**

Interviews with 30 male car drivers, aged 30 to 45

- positive reactions on the TV-spot
- ➤ perceived messages → clear and comprehensible
  - personal responsibility
  - > adapt speed
  - > risky and fast driving leads to accidents
  - overestimating yourself leads to accidents
- > identification
  - > experience with the situation
  - own behaviour is illustrated





# **Pre-testing the campaign (2/2)**

- Most interviewees feel motivated to review their own behaviour
- Most interviewees think the spot may change other's behaviour, because of
  - shown consequences
  - identification with the situation
  - focus on personal responsibility





# Thank you for your attention!

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